

Corporate Presentation



October 2021 | NASDAQ: BYSI

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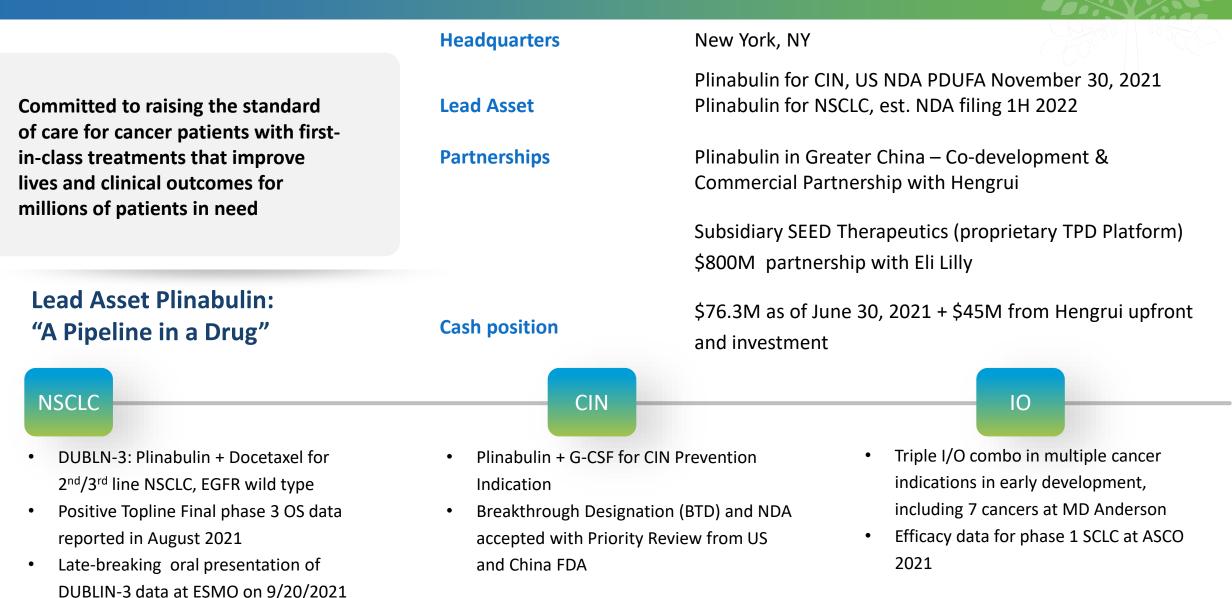
The market data and certain other statistical information used throughout this presentation are based on independent industry publications, governmental publications, reports by market research firms or other independent sources. Some data are also based on our good faith estimates. Although we believe these third-party sources are reliable, we have not independently verified the information attributed to these third-party sources and cannot guarantee its accuracy and completeness. Similarly, our estimates have not been verified by any independent source.

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BeyondSpring Investment Highlights (Nasdaq: BYSI)

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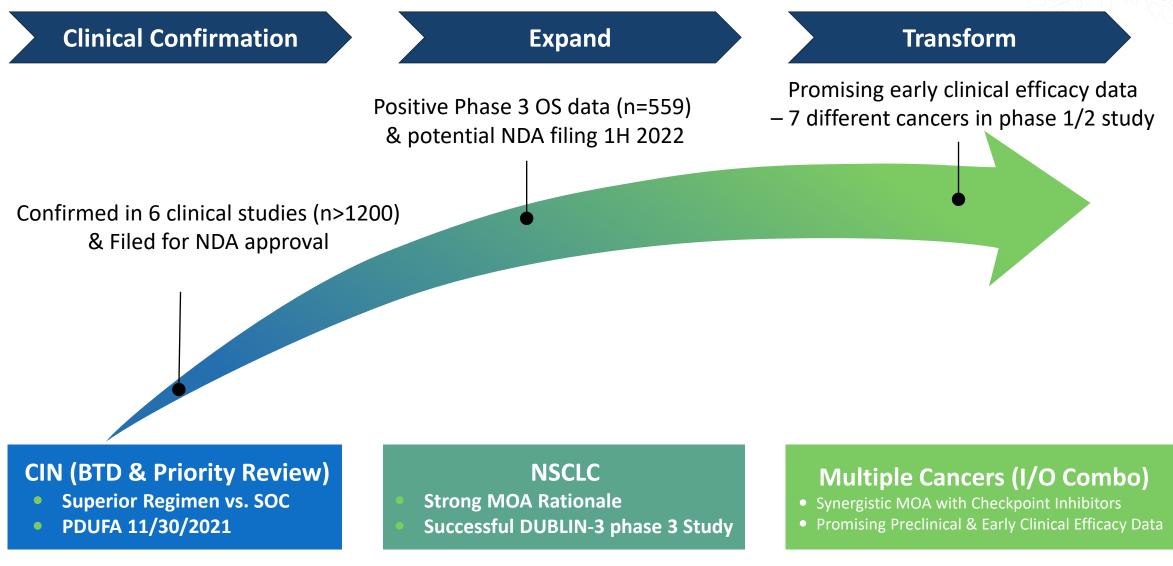
Robust Plinabulin Pipeline: 2 Near-term NDAs & I/O Clinical Trials

	Indication / Target	Program	Trial Name / Collaborator	Preclinical	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Commercial Rights ¹	Status/Next Milestone
Late stage	NSCLC (2 nd /3 rd line)	Plinabulin + docetaxel	DUBLIN-3	Phase 3 primary an August 2021	d secondary endpoints	met in pivotal data ar	nnounced	Global	 Positive topline Phase 3 data August 2021 Late-breaking presentation at ESMO Sept 20, 2021 Hengrui partnership in Greater China
Late	CIN (All cancer, all chemo)	Plinabulin + pegfilgrastim	PROTECTIVE-1 & PROTECTIVE-2	Phase 3 primary en	dpoint met in pivotal da	ata announced Noven	nber 2020	Global	 U.S. and China NDA accepted with Priority Review; US PDUFA Nov. 30, 2021 Hengrui partnership in Greater China
Triple Combo IO	SCLC	Plinabulin + nivolumab + ipilimumab	US sites, including Rutgers University as lead site					Global	Phase 2 ready
Triple Co	7 cancers (PD-1/PD-L1 failed)	Plinabulin + PD-1/PD-L1 + radiation/chemo	THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS MDAnderson Cancer Center					Global	Phase 1 in 7 cancers in June 2021
ited IO	Oral T cell co-stimulator	BPI-002						Global	
Investigator-initiated IO	IKK inhibitor	BPI-003						Global	
Invest	Oral neo-antigen generator	BPI-004						Global	
			43						
SEED Therapeutics	KRAS and additional targets	Targeted Protein degradation (TPD, molecule glue platform)						Global	Potential additional partnerships
SEED The	Multiple		Lilly					Global	\$800M collaboration

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¹Global rights to Plinabulin ex-China. 58% ownership of Chinese subsidiary, Dalian Wanchunbulin Pharmaceuticals Ltd., which owns Chinese rights to Plinabulin. BeyondSpring owns 100% of global rights to Plinabulin. SEED Therapeutics is a ~60%-owned BeyondSpring subsidiary.

Plinabulin Franchise: "Pipeline in a Drug"



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Plinabulin: "Pipeline in a Drug"

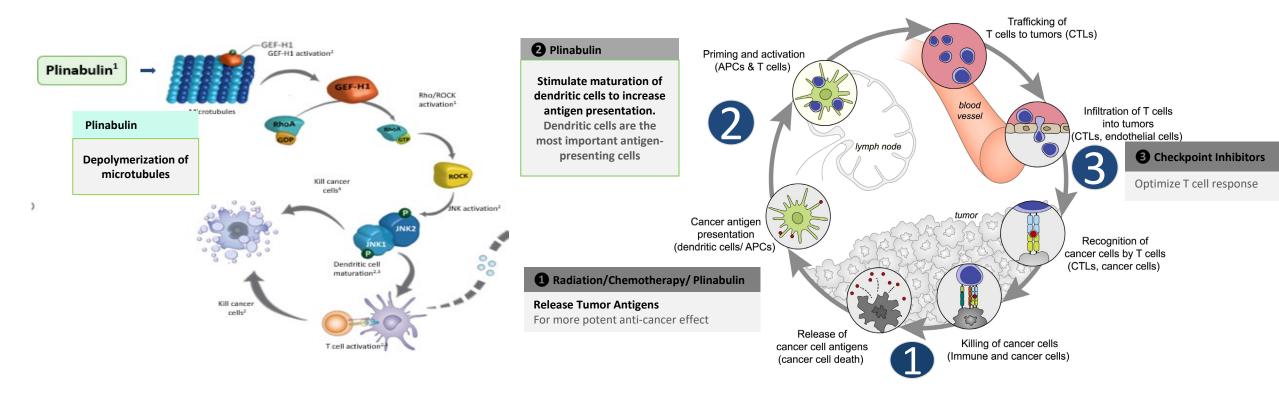
- First-in-Class, Selective Immunomodulating Microtubule-Binding Agent (SIMBA)



Novel Mechanism of Action

Plinabulin: First-in-Class, Selective Immunomodulating Microtubule-Binding Agent (SIMBA)

- Plinabulin Induces Dendritic Cell Maturation (the most potent APC), a Key Step in Initiating Anti-Cancer Durable Response



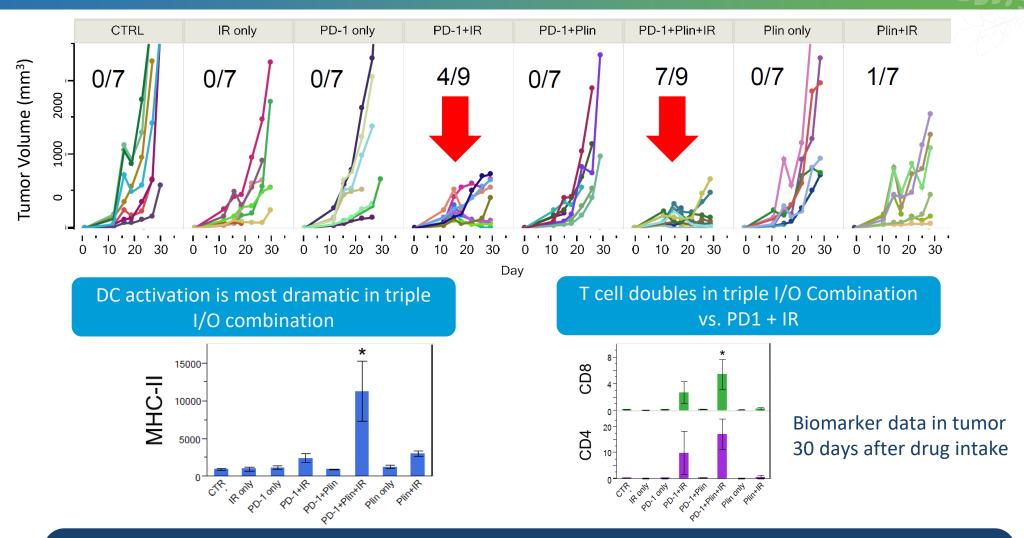
 $(1 + 2 + 3 \rightarrow \text{Optimal Immuno-Oncology Response})$

Plinabulin Novel Target: Immune Defense Protein GEF-H1

Note: ¹ La Sala et al., 2019 Chem. ² Kashyap et al., 2019 Cell Reports. ³ Zhang et al., 2005 Mol Cell Biol. ⁴ Singh et al., 2000 Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol; Ghosh et al., 2018 ACR Annual Conference; Blayney et al., Society of Leukocyte Biology. ⁶ Asensi et al., 2004 Infection and Immunity.



Triple I/O Combo: Plinabulin + PD-1 + Radiation (IR) Best Tumor Response in PD-1 Non-Responsive Tumor Model (MD Anderson)

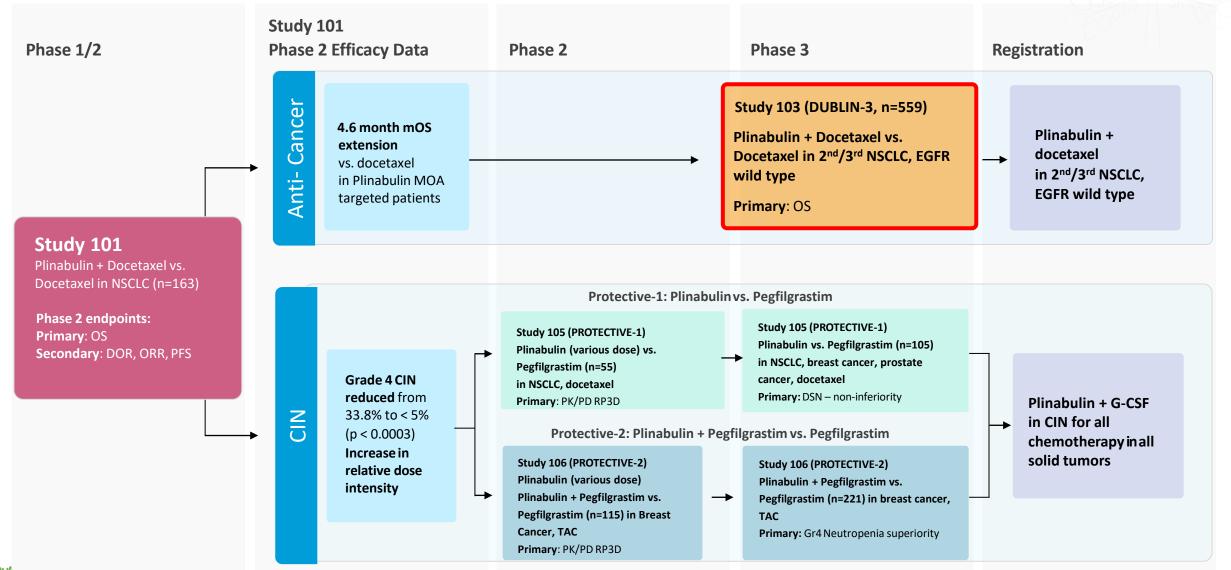


Doubled the Anti-Cancer Benefit in Tumor Reduction in Triple I/O Combo vs. PD-1+IR



*Neri S. et al. Plinabulin, a microtubule destabilizing agent, improves tumor control by enhancing dendritic cell maturation and CD8 T cell infiltration in combination with immunoradiotherapy, AACR June 2020

Plinabulin Clinical Development Program



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Plinabulin Opportunity

2

3

Plinabulin is a novel mechanism, first-in-class immunomodulating microtubule-binding agent, complementary to existing standard of care

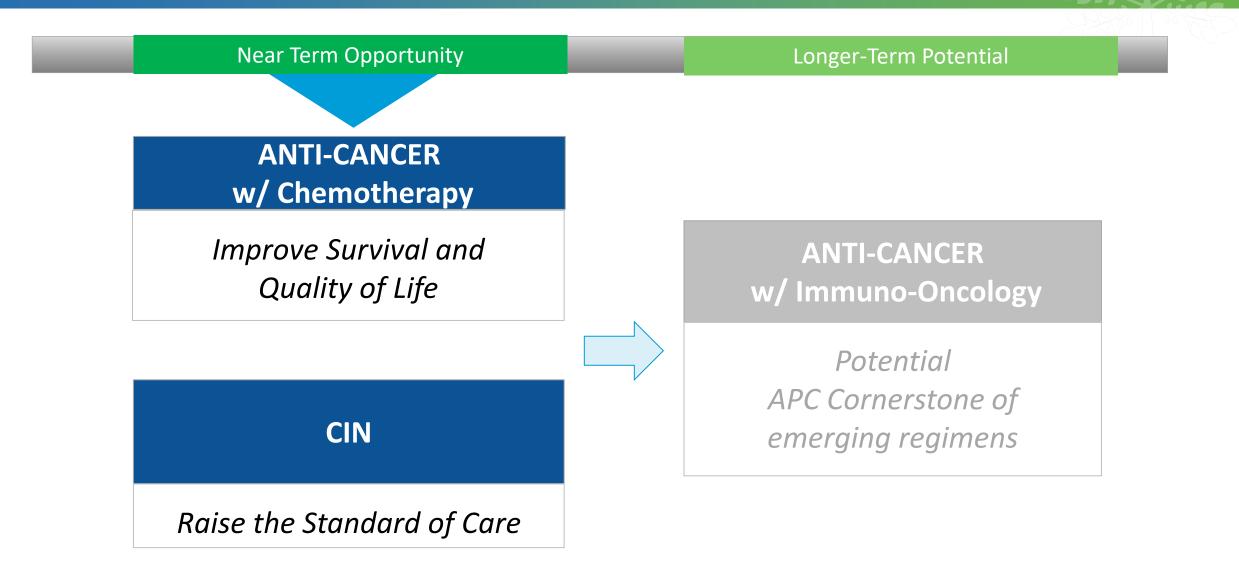
DUBLIN-3 provides compelling clinical data in 2L/3L NSCLC; potential to move into earlier lines of therapy and into broad range of tumor types

Near-term revenue opportunity in Chemotherapy Induced Neutropenia (CIN)

Transformative potential as a cornerstone in immuno-oncology combinations



Delivering the Plinabulin Value Proposition







Anti-Cancer with Chemotherapy



NSCLC: Severe Unmet Medical Needs – 2nd/3rd Line, EGFR Wild Type



- Large patient population with limited treatment options
 - EGFR wild type: ~85% western NSCLC and ~70% of Asian NSCLC patients
 - With immunotherapies moved to first line,
 Docetaxel-based therapies are the mainstay
 therapy
 - TKIs are worse than docetaxel¹
- Docetaxel-based Therapies (SOC)
 - Limited efficacy
 - o >40% severe neutropenia

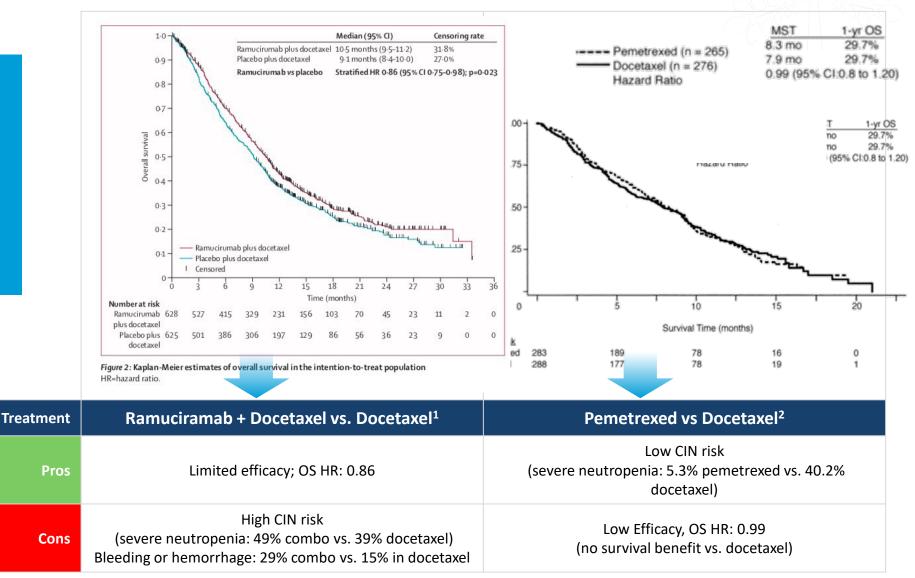
Since nivolumab was approved 6 years ago, no new agent with novel mechanism has been approved in this indication.



Anti-Cancer

Underserved Market: 2nd/3rd Line NSCLC Treatment

With PD-1/PD-L1 Moved To First Line, Patients are Left with Efficacy and Safety Tradeoffs and Suboptimal Regimens





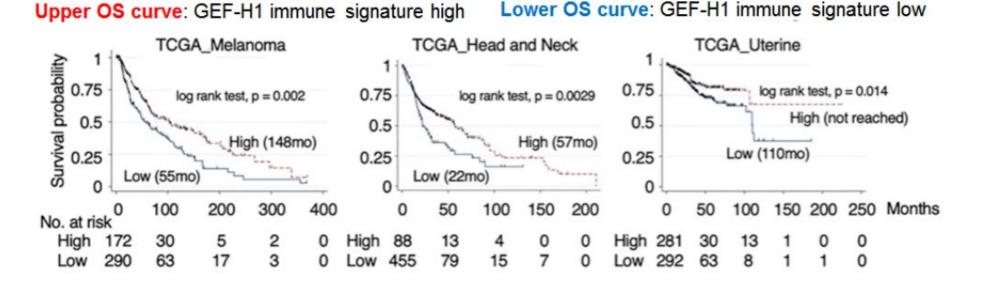
 1 Lancet 384 (9944): 665-673 (2014). 2 JCO 22(9): 1589-1597 (2004) $_{\circ}$

Anti-Cancer

NSCLC: Scientific Rationale – Patients with High GEF-H1 Live Longer

Plinabulin Activates GEF-H1¹

Patients with High GEF-H1 Immune Signature Live Longer in Various Cancers¹



Based on Plinabulin's Immune MOA, patients with measurable lung lesion were selected prospectively for Dublin-3 Study.



NSCLC DUBLIN-3: Docetaxel + Plinabulin vs. Docetaxel + Placebo in Patients With 2nd/3rd line, EGFR wild type

Global, Randomized, Single-Blinded (blinding for patients only) Stratified for: Region (Asia/non-Asia), Prior Line, ECOG score Around 60 sites: U.S., China, and Australia CRO: ICON; Central Lab for PK and ANC: Covance.

- Non-squamous or squamous **NSCLC**
- Stage IIIb/IV

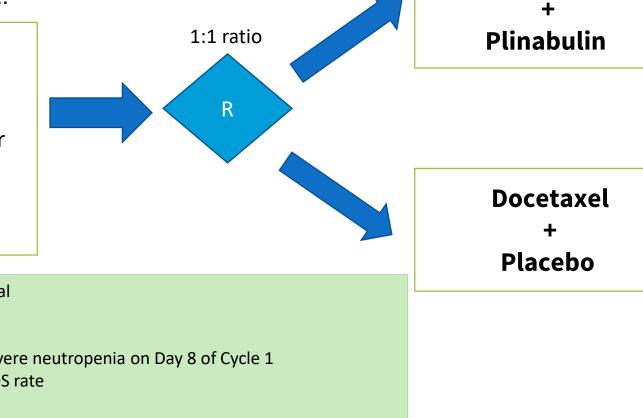
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- ECOG performance status ≤ 2
- Progression during or after treatment with one or two treatment regimen containing platinum
- Must have at least one measurable lung lesion ٠
- Prior checkpoint inhibitor therapy allowed

Primary Endpoint: Overall Survival Secondary Endpoints:

- ORR, PFS
- Percent of patients without severe neutropenia on Day 8 of Cycle 1
- Month 24 OS rate, Month 36 OS rate
- DoR
- Q-TWiST
- QoL •
- Proportion of patients who received docetaxel >8 cycles, >10 cycles, and >12 cycles

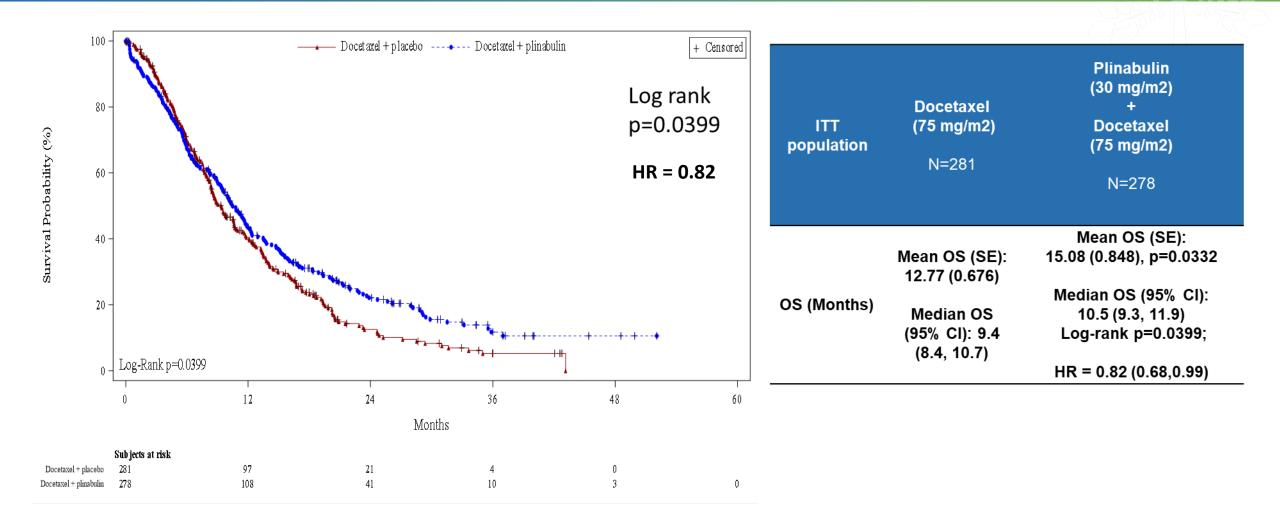




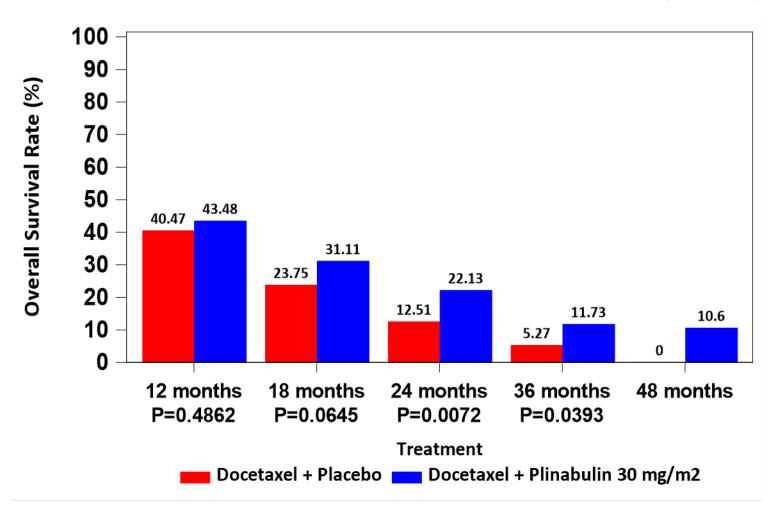


Docetaxel

Met Primary Objective in Overall Survival (OS)

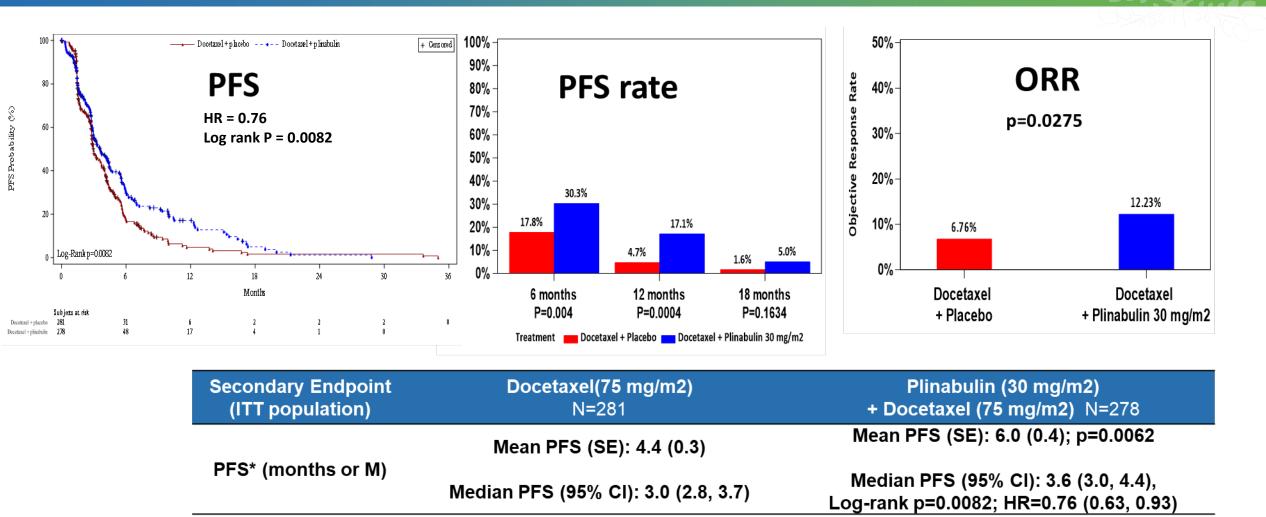


Doubling of OS rate in 24 M, 36 M, and 48 M OS rate in DP (10.6%) vs. D (0%)





Significant Improvement in PFS, Double ORR with Plinabulin

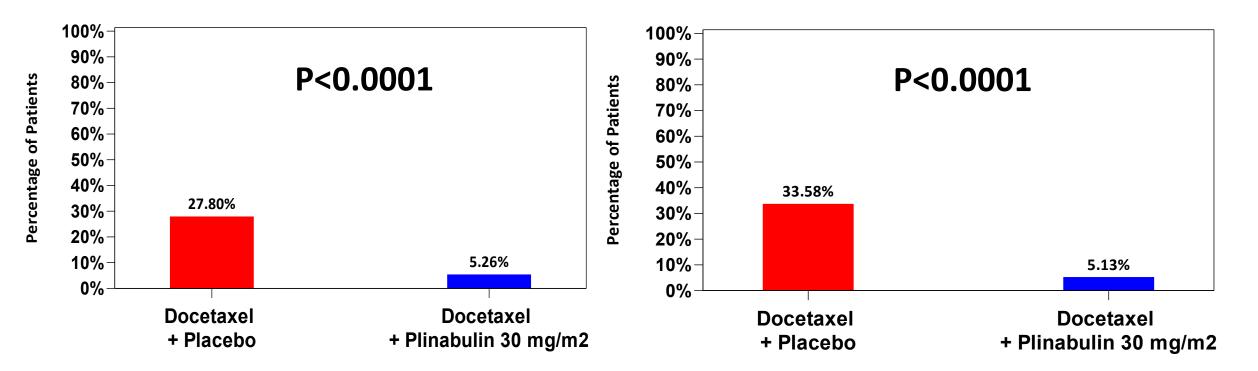


*Investigator-Assessed

Anti-Cancer

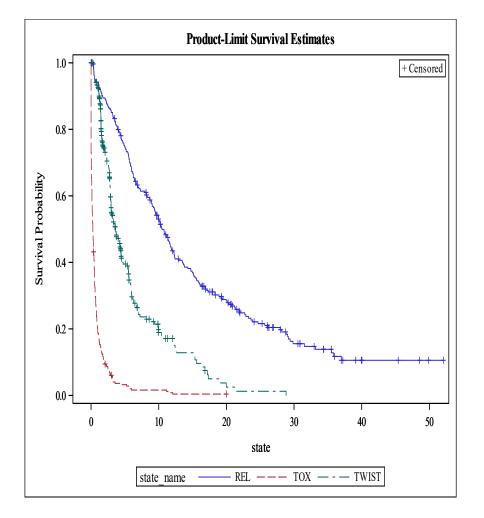
Grade 4 neutropenia, <u>Cycle 1</u> Day 8

Grade 4 neutropenia, <u>All Cycles</u> Day 8

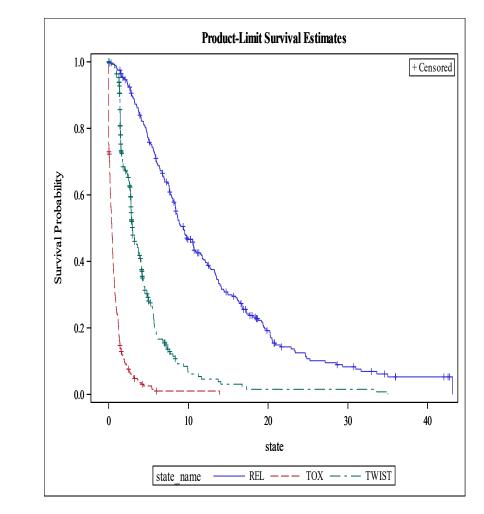


Quality of Life Benefit - Q-TWiST (Quality-Adjusted Time Without Symptoms of Disease and Toxicity)

Plinabulin + Docetaxel



Docetaxel alone



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Quality of Life was assessed with validated tools (EORTC QLQ C30 and QLQ-LC13), and the Q-TWiST analysis integrating Efficacy, Safety and Quality of Life inputs (including EQ-5D HU QoL)

Q-TWIST - EQ-5D HU

Health State	Health State Utility	Docetaxel Restricted	Docetaxe + Plinabulin	Restricted Mean Difference	RM P-Value	Docetaxel + Placebo	Docetaxel + Plinabulin	Difference	P-Value
		Mean	Restricted Mean						
						281	278		
тох	0.8267 (0.8187 to 0.8346)	0.86	0.81	0.05 (-0.20 to 0.30)	0.6973	0.71 (0.54 to 0.89)	0.67 (0.50 to 0.85)	0.04 (-0.17 to 0.25)	0.6974
TWIST	0.8533 (0.8467 to 0.8599)	3.56	5.14	-1.58 (-2.55 to -0.60)	0.0015	3.04 (2.50 to 3.57)	4.38 (3.64 to 5.12)	-1.35 (-2.18 to -0.52)	0.0015
REL	0.8051 (0.7724 to 0.8379)	8.35	9.13	-0.78 (-2.64 to 1.08)	0.4113	6.72 (5.65 to 7.79)	7.35 (6.09 to 8.61)	-0.63 (-2.13 to 0.87)	0.4118
QTWIST						10.47 (9.34 to 11.63)	12.40 (10.99 to 13.83)	-1.93 (-3.63 to -0.23)	0.0263

Improvement >18% in	Relative Gain to Q-TWiST	Relative Gain to OS Restricted Mean	Q-TWiST Gain
Q-TWiST, which is	18.43%	15.11%	1.93
clinically meaningful.	(2.07% to 37.20%)	(1.72% to 30.63%)	
, ,	p-value=0.0393	p-value=0.0396	



Dublin-3: Superior Efficacy (OS, PFS, ORR) and Significant Reduction in Grade 4 CIN (DP vs. D)

Anti-Cancer

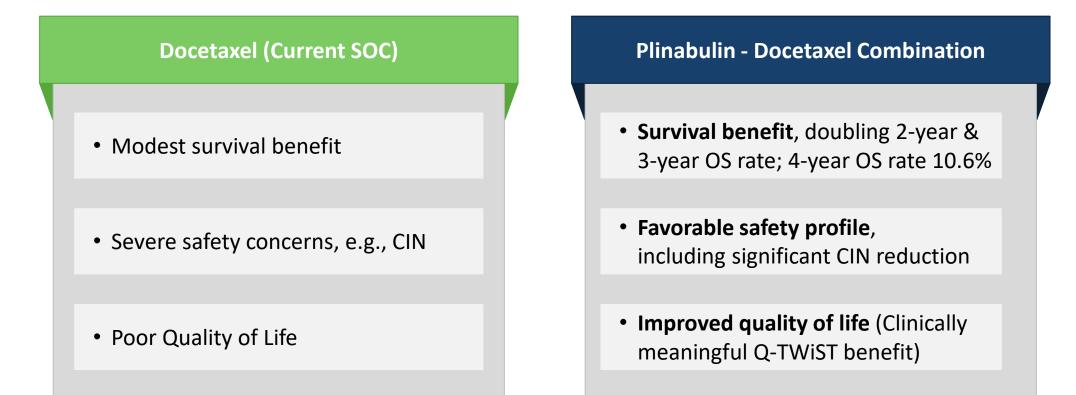
Primary Endpoint	Docetaxel (75 mg/m2) N=281	Plinabulin (30 mg/m2) + Docetaxel (75 mg/m2) N=278
OS (months or M)	Mean 12.77 M (0.676)	Mean 15.08 M (0.848); p=0.03
		Median 10.5 M (9.3, 11.9), Log-rank p=0.0399
	Median 9.4 M (8.4, 10.7)	HR = 0.82 (0.68 – 0.99)

Doubling OS rate in 24 M, 36 M, and 10.6% >48 M OS rate – Plinabulin Immune Durable Anti-cancer Benefit

Secondary Endpoint - Hierarchy Order		
ORR (%)	6.76%	12.23%; p=0.0275
PFS (months or M)	Mean 4.4 M (0.3) Median 3.0 M (2.8, 3.7)	6.0 M (0.4); p=0.006 3.6 M (3.0, 4.4), Log-rank p=0.008 HR = 0.76 (0.63, 0.93)
Grade 4 neutropenia, cycle 1 Day 8 (%)	27.8%	5.3%; p<0.0001
24 Month OS Rate (%)	12.5%	22.1%; p = 0.0072
36 Month OS Rate (%)	5.3%	11.7%; p = 0.0393
48 Month OS Rate (%) - exploratory	0%	10.6%; p value cannot be calculated
Q-TWiST • Relative Gain to Q-TWiST	10.47 M (9.34, 11.63)	12.40 M (10.99, 13.83) 18.43% (2.07%, 37.20%); p=0.0393

NSCLC: Favorable Benefit/Risk Profile vs. Standard of Care (SOC) (Plinabulin + Docetaxel for 2nd/3rd line NSCLC, EGFR wild type)

> Next steps: Discuss filing plan with FDA & NMPA in 2021 with potential filing 1H 2022 - Consistent Long survival trend in PD-1/PD-L1 exposed patients and in western patients



Lower Grade 4 AE frequency and a shift to lower grade AE
 No unexpected AE concerns were identified

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Chemotherapy Induced Neutropenia (CIN)

Severe Unmet Medical Need is Basis for Breakthrough Designation and Priority Review for Plinabulin + G-CSF Regimen in CIN Prevention

> Despite widespread G-CSF use, CIN #1 reason for FN, ER visits, hospitalization, sepsis, mortality, and chemotherapy disruption¹

Short-term Outcome Benefit

G-CSF monotherapy is suboptimal and leaves a significant clinical gap

Long-term Outcome Benefit

Chemotherapy's anti-cancer effectiveness is linear to its dose

15%

Reduction in

Relative Dose

Intensity



Reduction in Overall Survival²

50%

The Unmet Medical Need: Week 1 "Neutropenia Vulnerability Gap (NVP)"

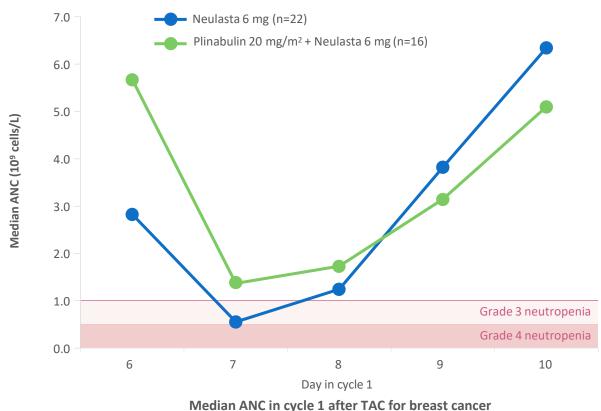
• >75% clinical complications occur in week 1 after chemo, which G-CSF cannot protect



Plinabulin + G-CSF Combination Addresses Unmet Medical Need

Plinabulin is the only product – in development – that has demonstrated the potential to elevate the standard of care (SOC) to prevent CIN

- Breakthrough Therapy Designation: Unmet need, and potential superior regimen vs.
 SOC recognized by FDA and NMPA
- Plinabulin prevents CIN in week 1; and G-CSF prevents CIN in week 2
- Combination maximizes the prevention of CIN for the full cycle

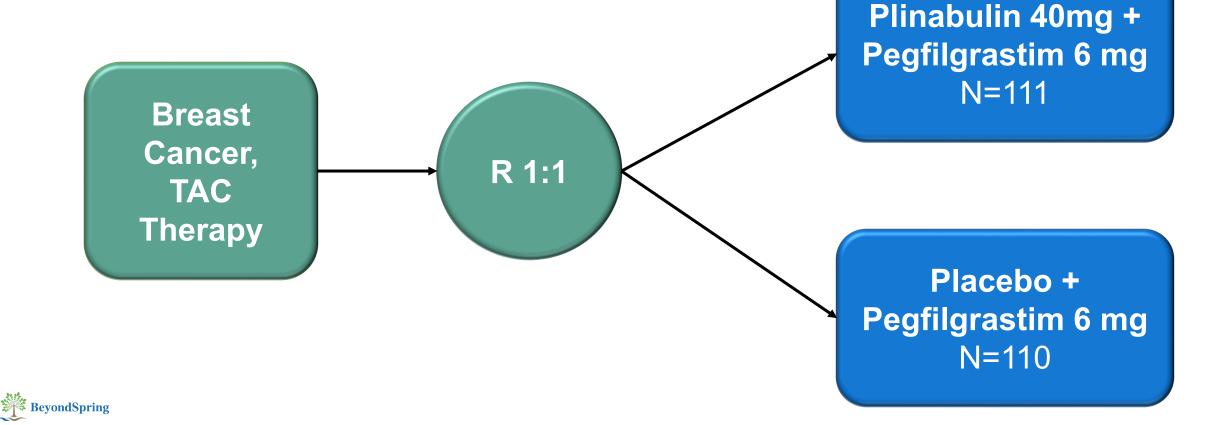


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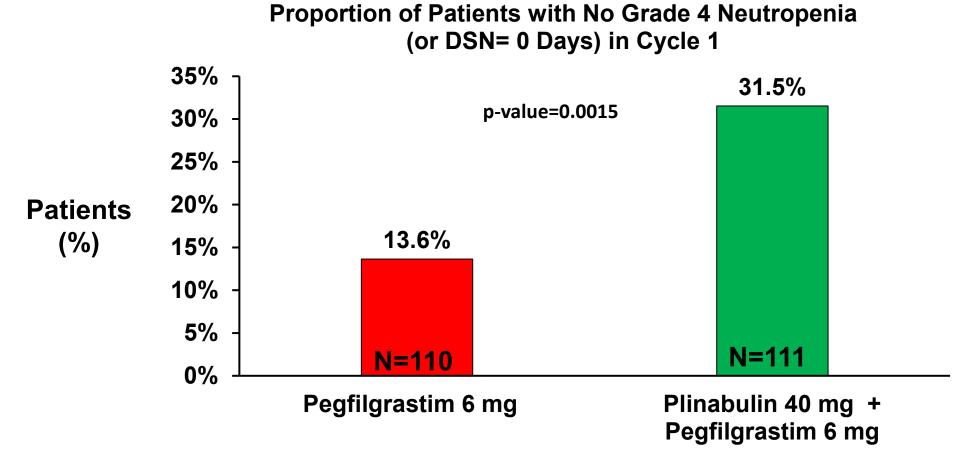


Protective-2 (Study 106) Ph 3: Registration Study Design

- Double blind, global study (19 centers); 4 cycles
- Covance: CRO
- Covance Central Lab: ANC evaluation



PROTECTIVE-2 Phase 3: Primary Endpoint Met



 Grade 4 neutropenia (ANC < 0.5 x 10⁹ cells/L) during Cycle 1 was prevented (DSN=0) for more than twice as many subjects in the plinabulin/pegfilgrastim arm than subjects in the pegfilgrastim arm



Favorable Benefit/Risk Ratio (Plinabulin + G-CSF vs. G-CSF alone)

Improved Efficacy (ANC based	Improved Efficacy (FN)	<u>Favorable</u> Safety		
in Cycle 1) – 106 Phase 3	– 106 Phase 3	– 106 Phase 2+3		
No Grade 4 Neutropenia	FN	Grade 4 TEAE		
(primary endpoint)	• 3.6% vs. 6.3% (incidence)	• 20% less Grade 4 TEAEs in the		
 31.5% vs. 13.6% (incidence), p=0.0015 	• 0.9% vs. 3.6% (grade 4	combination (55.9%) compared to		
No Grade 3/4 Neutropenia	incidence)	pegfilgrastim alone (75.8%)		
• 4.55% vs. 20.72% (incidence), p=0.0003	• 1.25 day vs. 2.28 day	SAEs		
Mean ANC Nadir	(duration)	Higher SAE frequency, however, less		
• 0.54 vs. 0.31 (x 10 ⁹ cells/L), p=0.0002	Hospitalization for FN patients	Grade 4 and more Grade 3 events		
DSN Cycle 1 day 1-8	• 2.7% vs. 6.3%	AEs leading to discontinuation		
 1.1 day vs. 1.4 day, p=0.0065 	• 3.75 day vs. 7.14 day	 Similar frequency, mostly single events 		
DSN Cycle 1	(duration)	Bone pain (AE)		
 1.2 day vs. 1.5 day, p=0.0324 	Change of Chemo dose/regimen	• 6.3% bone pain in the combination vs.		
Profound Neutropenia	in later cycles	28.0% in pegfilgrastim		
• 21.6% vs. 46.4% (incidence), p=0.0001	• 2.7% vs 6.3%	Low grade GI track side effects and transiont hyportonsion		
• 0.3 day vs. 0.6 day (duration), p=0.0004		transient hypertension		

NDA accepted with Priority review by U.S. and China FDA U.S. PDUFA 11/30/2021

Seeking NDA Approval for "Plinabulin + G-CSF Combination" in a broad CIN Prevention label: all solid tumors, all chemotherapy

Supporting Studies

Plinabulin vs. placebo (Dublin-3, phase 3)

 Grade 4 reduction highly statistically significant (Study 101 and DUBLIN-3, p<0.0003 and p<0.0001 respectively)

Registration Study

Plinabulin + G-CSF combo vs. G-CSF mono (Protective-2, phase 3)

 Superior CIN prevention in primary and key secondary endpoints

MOA support from 5 additional studies:

Plinabulin early onset in Week 1, G-CSF effect in Week 2 \rightarrow combination provides maximum CIN prevention

Supporting Studies

Plinabulin vs. G-CSF (Protective-1, phase 2 & 3)

- Non-inferior CIN activity
- Superior adverse event profile: limited bone pain, limited platelet reduction, and limited immune suppression¹

Plinabulin shown to statistically reduce Grade 4 neutropenia in 6 clinical trials (1,200+ patients); 700+ cancer patients treated with Plinabulin (various doses)

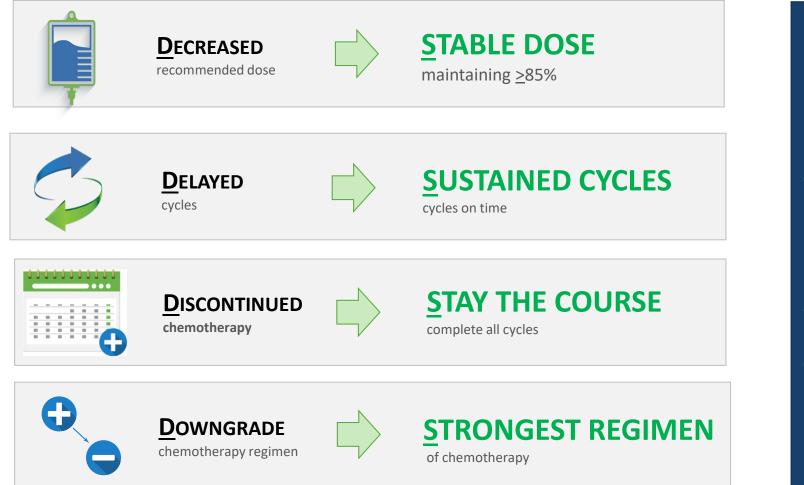
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Plinabulin + G-CSF Combination

- Commercial Plan in CIN Prevention



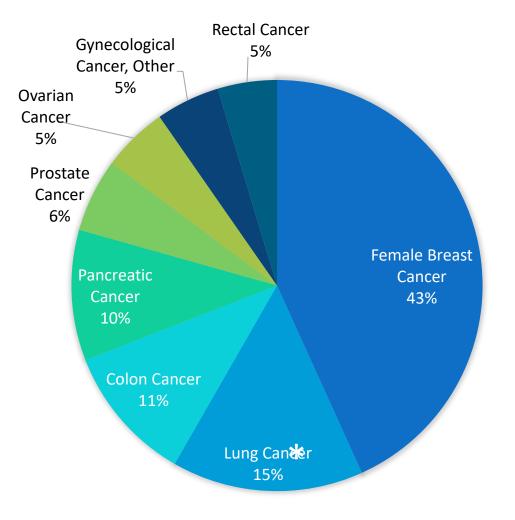


Plinabulin + G-CSF

- Differentiated clinical profile, potential to improve SOC
- Greater clinical control
- Improved outcomes

Plinabulin Has Potential Use Across the Spectrum of Solid Tumors

G-CSF Administrations: Solid Tumor

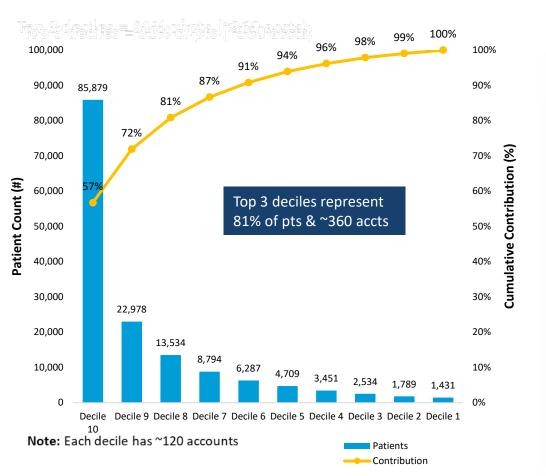


G-CSF Use by Cancer type:

- Improved control of CIN with Plinabulin can prove important in cancers with more aggressive therapeutic approaches
- Plinabulin's broad label has potential applicability in a broad array of cancer types and with a wide variety of chemotherapies

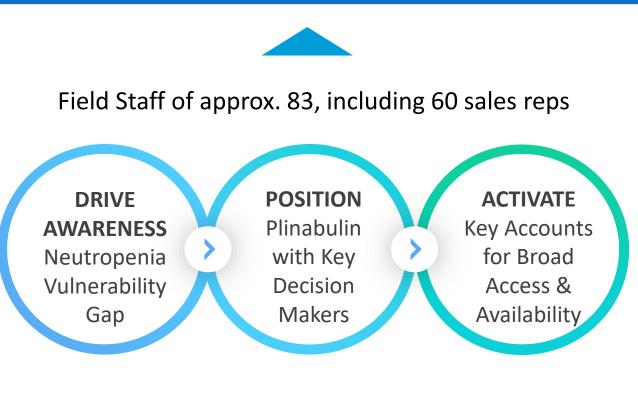


Efficient Commercialization Plan – Concentrated Accounts, Small Salesforce



Pegfilgrastim Patient Distribution¹ – Top 1200 Centers

FOCUS: Elevating the SOC in Chemotherapy





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Breakthrough Therapy Designation with Priority Review: Potential to Elevate Standard of Care for CIN Prevention

Opportunity

- 🗸 Market size
- ✓ Market growth
- ✓ NCCN guideline change
- Managed care coverage

Unmet need

- Grade 4 neutropenia complications
- CIN: #1 reason for therapy change (4Ds)
- G-CSF excellent drug; can't cover early cycle challenges
- ✓ 4Ds result in reduced OS

Product differentiation

Plinabulin + G-CSF addresses 3 oncologist needs:

CIN

- Keeps ANC out of the danger zone and thus <u>less</u> severe CIN, FN, ER visits and hospitalization
- ✓ Significantly reduces bone pain
- ✓ Maintains chemo regimen

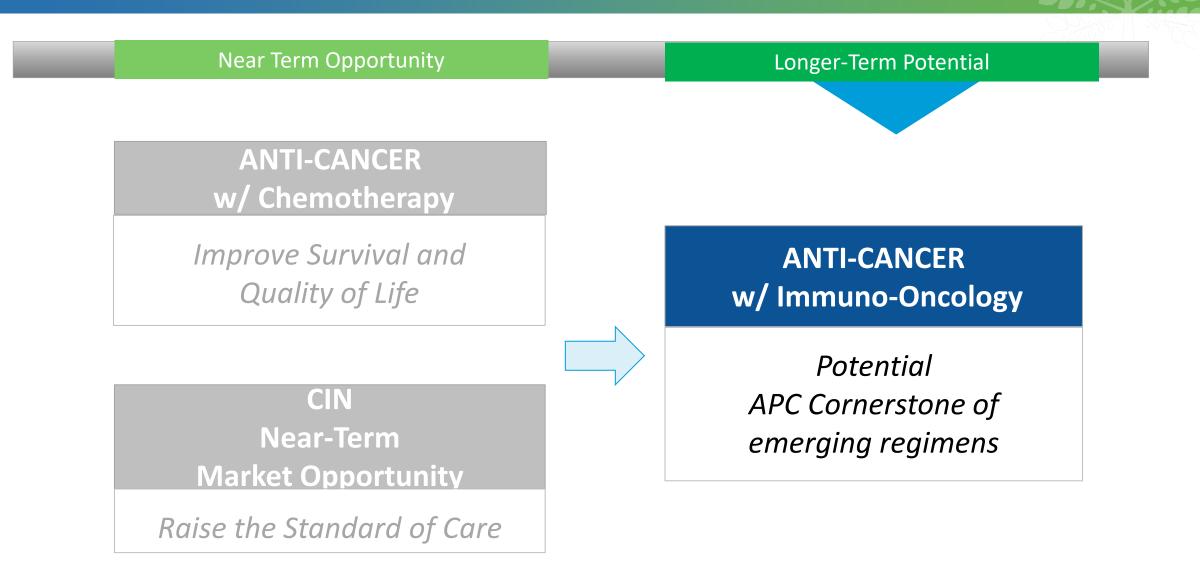
Plinabulin+ G-CSF has the potential to:

- Address the oncologist's desire for increased control
- Reduce patient anxiety and fears associated with interrupted therapy and adverse events
- Deliver improved chemotherapy care with the potential for improved long-term outcomes
- Clear differentiation from G-CSF provides rationale for superior pricing vs G-CSF in CIN

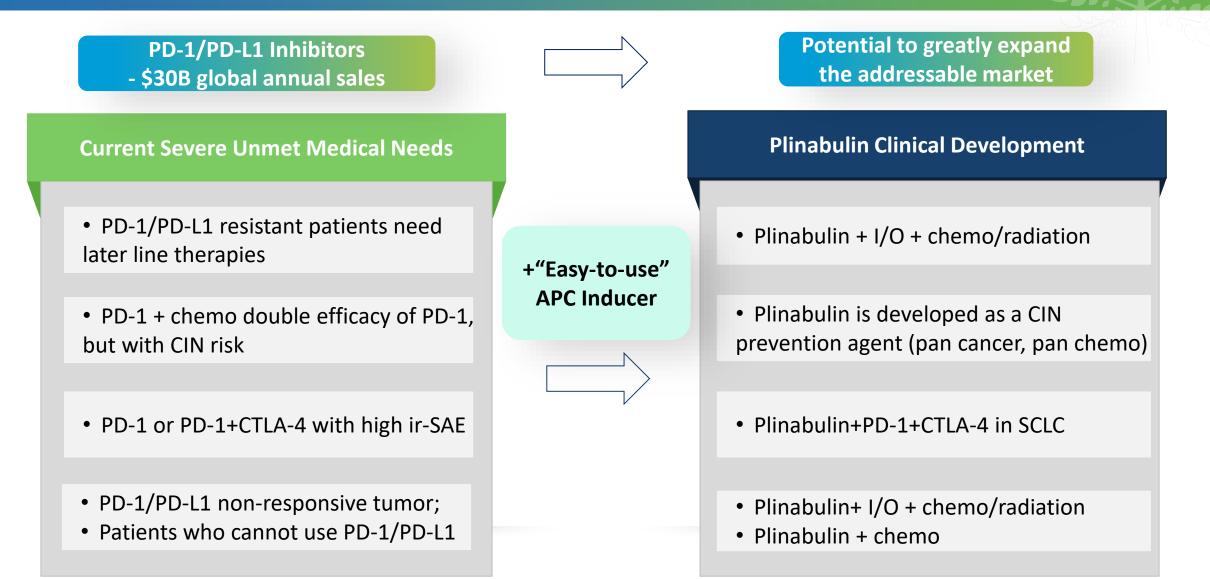
Anti-cancer potential – Opportunity for premium pricing and deeper market penetration



Delivering the Plinabulin Value Proposition



Plinabulin as Potential "Cornerstone Add-on Therapy" to Current I/O Regimens to Address Severe Unmet Medical Needs



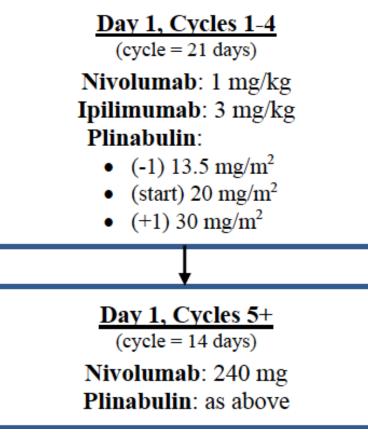
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Plinabulin in Triple Combo Development for Multiple Cancer Indications ^{I/O} in PD-1/PD-L1 Failed Patients

	Indication / Target	Program	Trial Name / Collaborator	Commercial Rights	Status
Triple Combo IO (IIT)	SCLC Checkpoint naïve and checkpoint refractory patients	Plinabulin + Nivolumab (PD-1) + Ipilimumab (CTLA-4)	7 US sites, including Rutgers University as lead center (Big Ten)	Global	Phase 1 completed, Presented at ASCO June 2021
	SCLC Checkpoint refractory patients	Plinabulin + Nivolumab (PD-1) + Ipilimumab (CTLA-4)	Big Ten Study	Global	Phase 2 Ready
	7 Cancers* PD-1/PDL1 failed pts	Plinabulin + PD- 1/PD-L1 + radiation/chemo	MD Anderson	Global	Initiated Phase 1 in 7 cancers in June 2021

Dose-escalation phase I study 3+3 Design

 In patients with extensive-stage SCLC who had progressed on or after prior platinum-based chemotherapy (±PD-1/PD-L1)



Primary objective

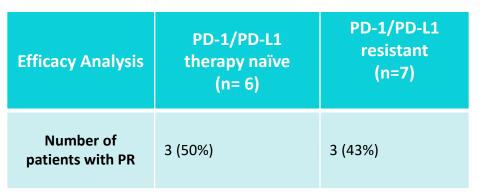
- To determine dose-limiting toxicities (DLT's) and recommended Phase 2 dose (RP2D).
 - Patients received treatment until progression or intolerable toxicity.
 - Patients were evaluable for DLT if they received at least 2 cycles of therapy.
 - DLT period was defined as the first 6 weeks from C1D1.

Secondary endpoints:

- ORR, PFS
- Frequency of IR-AEs

I/C

Efficacy Analysis of Plinabulin + Nivolumab + Ipilimumab in SCLC



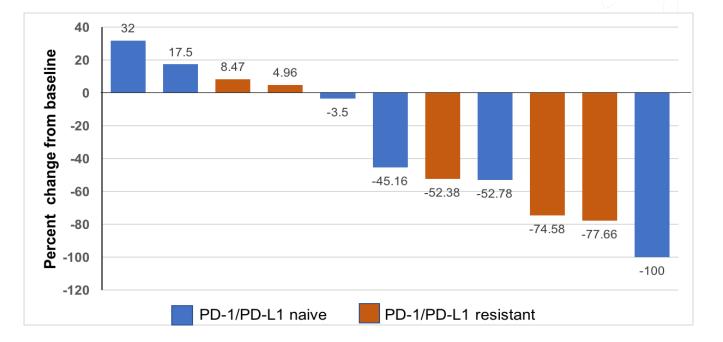
*PR –Partial Response - RESIST 1.1 : At least a 30% decrease in the sum of diameters of target lesions, taking as reference the baseline sum diameters.

13 patients were evaluable for efficacy

- 1 withdrew consent.
- 1 death from unrelated cause.
- 1 replaced for DLT.

6 patients had PR (ORR 46%).

- There were 3 PRs in PD-1/PD-L1 therapy naïve patients (3/6; 50%).
- There were 3 PRs in PD-1/PD-L1 resistant patients (3/7; 43%).
- These 3 patients continued treatment for 3 months, 5 months (still on treatment) and 18 months.



Waterfall plot of best overall response in target lesions compared to baseline

I/C

Trial Results of Plinabulin + Nivolumab + Ipilimumab in SCLC (Big Ten ITT Phase 1 Study)

46% 43% 50% 45% 40% 35% 23% 30% 25% 20% 11% 15% 10% 5% 0% Nivolumab Nivolmumab + Plinabulin + Plinabulin + Nivolumab + Nivolumab + Ipilimumab Ipilimumab Ipilimumab (CPI resistant)

Improvement of Overall Response Rate

Immune-Related AE Summary

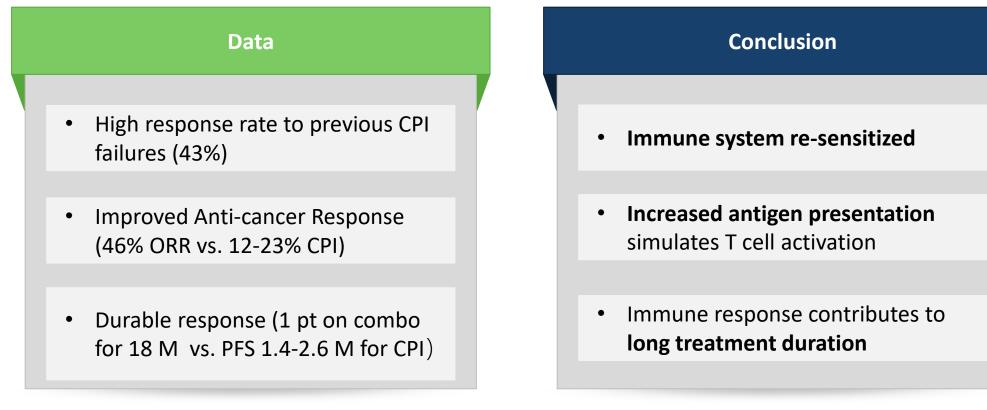
Reduction of Grade 3/4 Immune-Related AEs

- Plinabulin + Nivolumab + Ipilimumab: 12.5%
- Nivolumab +Ipilimumab (historical): **37%**

Efficacy Summary

I/O

Plinabulin as a Potential Synergistic "Cornerstone" Agent in I/O Therapy



Plinabulin reduces Immune related AE of Checkpoint inhibitors.



I/O



Corporate Highlights



Plinabulin: Near Term Milestones for Value Creation

Anti-cancer

BeyondSpring

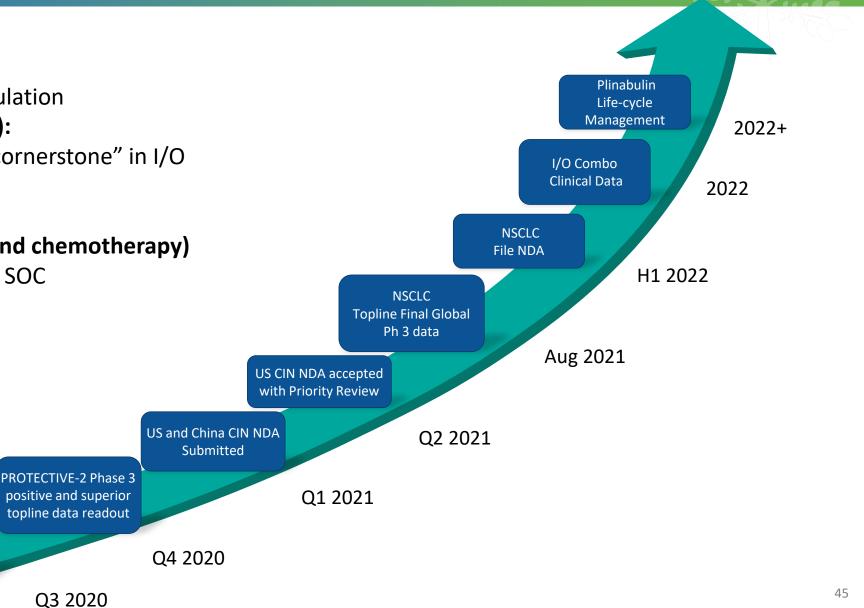
- **MSCLC (with chemo):**
 - Large and growing population
- ✓ Multiple Cancers (with IO):
 - Establish as potential "cornerstone" in I/O combination regimens

CIN (broad range of cancers and chemotherapy)

Plinabulin CIN Breakthrough status

obtained

- ✓ Value creation in elevating SOC
- Life cycle management



Plinabulin: Hengrui is the Ideal Partner in Greater China

Exceptional synergy between plinabulin and Hengrui pipeline

> Hengrui is the leader in oncology product R&D and commercialization in China

- Established in 1970; Listed on Shanghai Stock Exchange in 2000 (Shanghai stock exchange ticker: 600276)
- Market Cap: approximately \$50B USD
- 2020 Revenue: approx. \$4B USD
- Ranked #38 in top global pharma companies in 2021 by Pharmaceutical Executive Magazine
- 24,000 employees globally, primarily in Greater China; with >10,000 people in sales and marketing in China

Superior pipeline synergy with plinabulin in Greater China, allowing for faster market penetration and product combinations in new cancer indications

- Hengrui's top selling oncology products in China (sales in 2020) include:
 - Ranks in top 3 sales in long-lasting G-CSF's¹ (CIN indication: plinabulin + G-CSF NDA priority review in China)
 - #1 sales in docetaxel¹ (NSCLC indication: plinabulin + docetaxel phase 3 completed; met OS endpoint, plan for NDA filing in 1H 2022)
 - ✓ #1 sales in PD-1 inhibitor² (Multiple tumor indications: plinabulin + PD-1 + chemo/radiation; plinabulin + PD-1 + CTLA-4 phase 1/2 development)

Plinabulin: Hengrui Partnership Supports Key Commercialization Goals in Greater China and Provides Financial Strength

Manages commercialization risk and optimizes return on plinabulin franchise

Leverages existing infrastructure of leading oncology player

- Minimizes launch investment and risk
- Optimizes near-term return through performance-related covenants

Accelerates & increases peak revenue

- Achieves attractive return on plinabulin revenue
- Enables seamless transition to commercial stage (we book revenue)

• Funds and facilitates further plinabulin pipeline development

- Opportunity for staged growth of own infrastructure



Plinabulin: Hengrui and Wanchunbulin Partnership - Key Terms (BeyondSpring Inc. owns 58% of Wanchunbulin)

Key Synergies Allow for a Mutually Beneficial "Win-Win" Deal

Hengrui: Plinabulin Rights in Greater China

- Exclusive commercialization of all indications
- Receives fixed % of net sales
- Co-develops additional indications; Wanchunbulin leads clinical protocol design and development

Terms (est. USD*)

- Wanchunbulin receives \$30M upfront + up to \$170M in milestones
- Wanchunbulin books sales proceeds, retains significant fixed % of net sales
- Hengrui pays 100% commercial and 50% development costs for new indications
- Wanchunbulin retains manufacturing control & pays for 100% COGS
- Hengrui makes \$15M equity investment at \$560M pre-money valuation



SEED Therapeutics Subsidiary – Pipeline Potential





SEED: Subsidiary pursuing "Molecular Glue" targeted protein degradation to degrade disease-causing proteins previously believed to be undruggable

- \$800M collaboration with Eli Lilly on three targets
- Own targets (e.g., KRAS)
- Structure conducive to having additional collaborations



BeyondSpring: Key Highlights



Committed to raising the standard of care for cancer with first-in-class treatments that improve lives and Mission Near-term **Global Market Opportunities**

Plinabulin: Raising SOC in NSCLC & CIN

- ✓ First-in-Class Selective Immunomodulating Microtubule-Binding Agent (SIMBA)
- IP through 2036 in 36 jurisdictions

NSCLC: Combo with docetaxel – Global Market \$30+ B

- ✓ Positive Final Topline Ph 3 OS data 08/2021, ESMO late breaking oral presentation 09/2021
- Potential NDA submission in 1H 2022

CIN: Combo with G-CSF (superior efficacy vs. SOC) – Global Market: \$7B



NDA accepted w/ Priority Review (US, China) Breakthrough Designation (US, China)

Broad Pipeline

clinical outcomes for millions of patients in need

Plinabulin: "A pipeline in a drug"

- Triple combo w/IO agents and radiation/chemo in 7 cancers
 - 2 Phase 1/2 trials underway
- Expansion to additional solid tumors and first line cancers

Three Pre-Clinical I/O Agents

Targeted Protein Degradation Platform

- SEED Therapeutics (Subsidiary)
- \$800 M Collaboration with Eli Lilly

Global Capabilities Continuous Innovation

Strong clinical development

- Enrolled 1,000+ patients to final filing stage for CIN and NSCLC
- Dual U.S. and China development strategy
- ✓ Strong clinical investigator network

Deep Regulatory Expertise

Attractive COGS - Simple manufacturing process, work with leading global CMOs

Commercialization Planning Underway, Hengrui partnership in Greater China

Cash position at \$76.3M at 6/30/2021 + Hengrui upfront +investment of \$45M



www.beyondspringpharma.com

